

rareplants.cnps.org

Report for Peteria thompsoniae

TAXON DETAILS

Classification

Scientific Name	Peteria thompsoniae Wats.
Common Name	spine-noded milk vetch
Family	Fabaceae
Element Code	PDFAB32020
USDA Plants Symbol	PETH5
Synonyms/Other Names	

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank	2B.1
Global Rank	G4
State Rank	S1
CESA	None
FESA	None
Other Status	
CRPR Changes	changed from 2.1 to 2B.1 on 2013-06-12 changed from 2.3 to 2.1 on 2012-02-14
Date Added	1988-01-01
Last Update	2021-05-26

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform
Blooming Period
Elevation m (ft)
General Habitats
Microhabitat Details
Microhabitat

perennial herb May-Jun 800-825 (2625-2705) Mojavean desert scrub (alluvial fans, sandy)

Threat List Data from the CNDDB

Threat List Total:		1
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	1	50%
Threat List:		
ORV activity	1	50%

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	2	
Element Occurrence Ranks:		
Excellent (A)	1	
Good (B)	0	
Fair (C)	0	
Poor (D)	0	
None (X)	0	
Unknown (U)	1	
Occurrence Status		
Historical, > 20 years	1	
Recent, < 20 years	1	
Presence		
Presumed Extant	2	
Possibly Extirpated	0	
Presumed Extirpated	0	

Location

California Endemic No

Counties

Inyo (INY)

States

Arizona (AZ), California (CA), Colorado (CO), Idaho (ID), Nevada (NV), New Mexico (NM), Oregon (OR), Texas (TX), Utah (UT), Wyoming (WY)

Quads

Calvada Springs (3511588), North of Tecopa Pass (3511681)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

* Presumed extirpated

(*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Threatened by vehicles. Possibly threatened by solar energy development. Endangered in ID. See *Madroño* 34(4):381 (1987) for the historical CA record.

Threats

Taxononmy

Selected References

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website https://www.rareplants.cnps.org [accessed 2 May 2024].