

Report for *Diplacus rupicola*

TAXON DETAILS



© 2016 James Morefield



© 2013 Gary A. Monroe



© 2013 Gary A. Monroe

Classification

Scientific Name

Diplacus rupicola (Coville & A.L. Grant) G.L. Nesom & N.S. Fraga

Common Name

Death Valley monkeyflower

Family

Phrymaceae

Element Code

PDSCR1B2H0

USDA Plants Symbol

Synonyms/Other Names

Mimulus rupicola

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank

4.3

Global Rank

G4

State Rank

S4

CESA

None

FESA

None

Other Status

SB_CalBG/RSABG

CRPR Changes

Date Added

1974-01-01

Last Update

2021-11-05

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform

perennial herb

Blooming Period

Feb-Jun

Elevation m (ft)

300-1830 (985-6005)

General Habitats

Mojavean desert scrub (carbonate, rocky)

Microhabitat Details

Microhabitat

Threat List Data from the CNDDDB

Threat List Total:		0
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	0	0%
Threat List:		

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	0
Element Occurrence Ranks:	
Excellent (A)	0
Good (B)	0
Fair (C)	0
Poor (D)	0
None (X)	0
Unknown (U)	0
Occurrence Status	
Historical, > 20 years	0
Recent, < 20 years	0
Presence	
Presumed Extant	0
Possibly Extirpated	0
Presumed Extirpated	0

Location

California Endemic	Yes
--------------------	-----

Counties
Inyo (INY)

States
California (CA)

Quads
Beatty Junction (3611658), Chloride City (3611668), Copper Queen Canyon (3511772), Cottonwood Canyon (3611753), Devils Speedway (3611638), East of Sand Flat (3611763), Echo Canyon (3611646), Fall Canyon (3611772), Furnace Creek (3611647), Grapevine Peak (3611782), Hanging Rock Canyon (3711726), Last Chance Mtn. (3711736), Last Chance Range SE (3711715), Last Chance Range SW (3711716), Manly Peak (3511781), Maturango Peak (3611714), Nevares Peak (3611657), Panamint Springs (3611734), Sand Spring (3711725), Thimble Peak (3611771), Ubehebe Crater (3711714), Ubehebe Peak (3611765), Wildrose Peak (3611731)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

* Presumed extirpated

(*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

See *Journal of the Washington Academy of Sciences* 26:99 (1936) for original description, *Phytoneuron* 2012-39:1-60 (2012) for revised nomenclature, and *Phytoneuron* 2013-66:1-8 (2013) for taxonomic treatment.

Threats

Taxonomy

Selected References

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website <https://www.rareplants.cnps.org> [accessed 29 April 2024].