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Report for Calystegia subacaulis ssp. episcopalis

TAXON DETAILS Classification

classification

Scientific Name	<i>Calystegia subacaulis</i> Hook. & Arn. ssp. <i>episcopalis</i> Brummitt	
Common Name	Cambria morning-glory	
Family	Convolvulaceae	
Element Code	PDCON040J1	
USDA Plants Symbol	CASUE	
Synonyms/Other Names		

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank	4.2
Global Rank	G3T2?
State Rank	S2?
CESA	None
FESA	None
Other Status	
CRPR Changes	changed from 1B.2 to 4.2 on 2011-06-29
Date Added	1988-01-01
Last Update	2023-06-06

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform	perennial rhizomatous herb
Blooming Period	(Mar)Apr-Jun(Jul)
Elevation m (ft)	30-500 (100-1640)
General Habitats	Chaparral, Cismontane woodland, Coastal prairie, Valley and foothill grassland
Microhabitat Details	
Microhabitat	Clay (usually)

Threat List Data from the CNDDB

Threat List Total:		11
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	22	88%
Threat List:		
Grazing	12	48%
Development	11	44%
Non-native plant impacts	11	44%
Military operations	9	36%
Feral pigs	8	32%
Improper burning regime	7	28%
Other	6	24%
Recreational use (non-ORV)	1	4%
Road/trail construction/maint.	1	4%
Foot traffic/trampling	1	4%
Erosion/runoff	1	4%

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	25		
Element Occurrence Ranks:			
Excellent (A)	3		
Good (B)	5		
Fair (C)	12		
Poor (D)	1		
None (X)	0		
Unknown (U)	4		
Occurrence Status			
Historical, > 20 years	21		
Recent, < 20 years	4		
Presence			
Presumed Extant	25		
Possibly Extirpated	0		
Presumed Extirpated	0		

Location

California Endemic	Yes

Counties

San Luis Obispo (SLO)

States

California (CA)

Quads

Arroyo Grande NE (3512025), Cambria (3512151), Cayucos (3512048), Lopez Mtn. (3512035), Morro Bay North (3512047), Morro Bay South (3512037), Nipomo (3512014), Pico Creek (3512152), Piedras Blancas (3512163), Pismo Beach (3512026), Port San Luis (3512027), San Luis Obispo (3512036)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

* Presumed extirpated

(*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Threatened by development. Possibly threatened by alteration of fire regimes, feral pigs, grazing, mining, trampling, military activities, non-native plants, vehicles, and pipeline construction. Potentially threatened by foot traffic. Intergrades with *C. collina* ssp. *venusta*. See *Kew Bulletin* 35(2):327 (1980) for original description.

Threats

Taxononmy

Selected References

CNPS Status Review: Proposed List change from List 1B.2 to List 4.2 (2011)

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